Designing Android User Interface and Display with XML

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XML Topics

- Tags
- Attributes
- Layouts
- Android XML Files
 - Layout
 - Manifest
 - Styles
 - Strings
- Resources Folder

What is XML?

- Markup Language designed to be both Human and Machine Readable
- HTML (Used in web pages) is a type of XML language.
- Used in Apple Preference files (plist), REAPER
 Music software, Web Based Layouts, and many
 other applications where software needs to
 create and read a dynamic and flexible database
 structure.
- Saved as a text file with the extension .xml

Android and XML

- Android uses XML to control the following
 - User Layout and Interface in non animated applications
 - Properties of the App (Manifest)
 - Store Values (Strings and Styles)

Tags: Core Element of XML

- A Tag defines an Object in XML. Any object or field can be defined with a Tag.
- Example:

```
<Button
    android:id = "@+/buttonPlay"
    android:layout_width = "wrap_content"
    android:layout_height = "wrap_content"
    android:onClick = "playSound01"
    android:text = "Play" />
```

Tag

- Begins with a < and ends with a />
- Example
 - <Button />
- Another Example
 - <TableLayout> </TableLayout>

Tags and Attributes

- Attributes Modify or set properties of the Tag object.
- They are like the "Fields" in a class.
- Android Most Common:
 - android:id = "@+/nameOfObjectInCode"
 - android:layout_width = "match_parent"
 - android:layout_height = "match_parent"
 - android:text = "Text User Sees in Interface"
 - android:onClick = "nameOfFunction"

Example with TextView

Tag

Attributes

```
android:id="@+id/textSteps"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="200dp"
android:layout_span="4"
android:gravity="center_vertical|center_horizontal"
android:text="---"
android:textSize="40sp" />
```

Nested Objects

- Between the Start and End Tags, other XML objects can be nested inside.
- For example, a Linear Layout can have TextView and Button Objects 'inside' the layout.
- In Android User Interface, Objects such as text and buttons are held 'inside' layout objects such as Linear, Relative, and Table.

Example

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
       xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout height="match parent"
       android:orientation="vertical"
       tools:context=".MainActivity" >
       <TextView
           android:layout width="wrap content"
10
           android:layout height="wrap content"
                                                            Nested Objects:
            android:text="@string/hello world" />
11
                                                           TextView
12
                                                            Button
       <Button
           android:id = "@+id/buttonSample"
           android:layout width = "wrap content"
           android:layout height = "wrap content"
16
           android:onClick = "displayText"
18
           android:text = "Press Me for a Message" />
20 </LinearLayout>
```

Example XML on Phone



```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
       xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
       android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout height="match parent"
       android:orientation="vertical"
       tools:context=".MainActivity" >
       <TextView
           android:layout width="wrap content"
           android:layout height="wrap content"
           android:text="@string/hello world" />
       <Button
           android:id = "@+id/buttonSample"
           android:layout width = "wrap content"
           android:layout height = "wrap content"
           android:onClick = "displayText"
           android:text = "Press Me for a Message" />
20 </LinearLayout>
```

Android Layouts

<RelativeLayout>

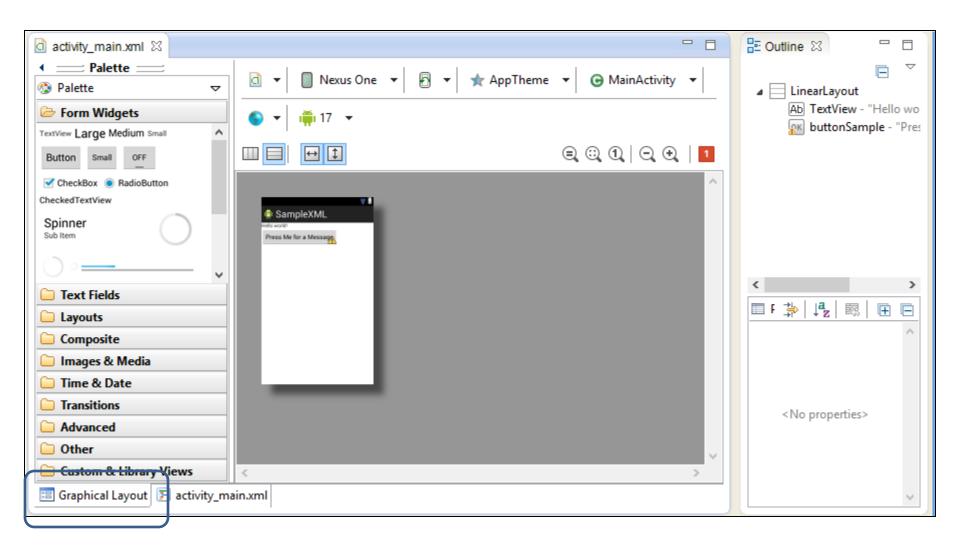
- <LinearLayout>
 - Horizontal
 - Vertical

- <TableLayout>
 - Used with nested <TableRow> objects

Android Objects (Not all)

- <TextView>
- <Button>
- <lmageButton>
- <EditText>
- <SeekBar>
- <View>
- <lmageView>

XML GUI Editor



XML Code Editor

```
☐ activity_main.xml ≅
                                                                                              ⊞ Outline ⊠
  1 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
         xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"

■ LinearLayout

         android:layout width="match parent"
                                                                                                    Ab TextView: @string/he
         android:layout height="match parent"
                                                                                                      Button: @+id/button
         android:orientation="vertical"
         tools:context=".MainActivity" >
         <TextView
             android:layout width="wrap content"
             android:layout height="wrap content"
 10
             android:text="@string/hello world" />
 11
 12
 13
         <Button
 14
             android:id = "@+id/buttonSample"
             android:layout width = "wrap content"
 15
 16
             android:layout height = "wrap content"
             android:onClick = "displayText"
 17
18
             android:text = "Press Me for a Message" />
 19
 20
     </LinearLayout>
 21
 22
 23
🖅 Graphical Layout 📳 activity_main.xml
```